BICYCLE SAFETY TIPS

1. WEAR YOUR HELMET! Although not required by Texas law, it is recommended that bicyclists wear a good-quality bike helmet. Nearly 75-80 percent of cyclists killed or permanently disabled involve head or neck injuries.

2. Wear light-colored or reflective clothing at night. Nearly 50 percent of the fatal car/bike accidents occur at night or in low-light conditions.

3. Watch out for people opening car doors when you pass a parked motor vehicle.

4. When riding on sidewalks, reduce your speed and exercise caution. Remember, there are no signs on sidewalks that regulate traffic flow, so expect the unexpected.

5. Be on the lookout for and avoid the following road surface hazards:
   - loose sand, rocks, glass and debris;
   - road expansion joints that run parallel to the front tire;
   - standing water and puddles;
   - drainage grates with holes that run parallel to the front tire;
   - holes, cracks and road-edge deterioration or drop-offs; and
   - railroad tracks that are not perpendicular to the direction of travel.

6. Be extra careful if cycling in the rain. Remember the following:
   - Braking distance is increased because of wet rims and wet brake pads. Apply brakes earlier than you would in dry conditions.
   - Visibility is decreased. Wear bright-colored clothing.
   - Rain makes road surfaces, manhole covers and painted stripes slicker. Slow down, especially when turning.
   - Avoid puddles. You never know how deep a hole is if it is full of water.

TEXAS BIKE LAWS, SAFETY and THEFT PREVENTION TIPS

Offices of the Dean of Student Life
http://studentlife.tamu.edu

University Police Department
http://upd.tamu.edu

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BICYCLE TRAFFIC LAWS

1. “Bicycle” means a device that a person may ride, that is propelled by human power and that has two tandem wheels, at least one of which is more than 14 inches in diameter.

2. “Vehicle” means a device that can be used to transport or draw persons or property on a highway (excluding devices that are used on stationary rails or tracks).

3. A bicycle is a vehicle, and a person operating a bicycle has the same responsibilities as a driver operating a motor vehicle. All laws and signs that regulate the movement of vehicles on the roadway also apply to bicycles. Therefore, a bicyclist is required to obey all traffic laws. This includes stopping at all stop signs and all stop (red) lights.

4. A person operating a bicycle on a roadway who is moving slower than the other traffic on the roadway shall ride as near as possible to the right curb or edge of the roadway. However, there are exceptions to this law. Under the following conditions the law allows bicyclists to take the full lane of travel when:
   • The person is passing another vehicle moving in the same direction.
   • The person is preparing to turn left at an intersection or onto a private road or driveway.
   • There are unsafe conditions on the roadway, including fixed or moving objects, parked or moving vehicles, pedestrians, animals, or surface hazards that prevent the person from safely riding next to the curb or edge of the roadway.

5. A person operating a bicycle on a one-way roadway with two or more marked traffic lanes may ride as near as practicable to the left curb or edge of the roadway.

6. Persons operating bicycles on a roadway may ride two abreast. Persons riding two abreast on a laned roadway shall ride in a single lane. Persons riding two abreast may not impede the normal and reasonable flow of traffic on the roadway. Persons may not ride more than two abreast unless they are riding on a part of a roadway set aside for the exclusive operation of bicycles.

7. A person operating a bicycle shall ride only on or astride a permanent and regular seat attached to the bicycle.

8. A person may not use a bicycle to carry more persons than the bicycle is designed or equipped to carry.

9. A person operating a bicycle, coaster, sled or toy vehicle or using roller skates may not attach either the person or the bicycle, coaster, sled, toy vehicle or roller skates to a streetcar or vehicle on a roadway.

10. A person operating a bicycle may not carry any object that prevents the operator from keeping at least one hand on the handlebars.

11. Bicyclists must use hand signals to signal their intent to stop, turn left or turn right. The bicyclist must use the following signals:
   • Stop — Extend the left hand and arm downward.
   • Left turn — Extend the left hand and arm horizontally.
   • Right turn — Extend the left hand and arm upward, or extend the right hand and arm horizontally.

12. Every bike must be equipped with a brake capable of making a braked wheel skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

13. A person may not operate a bicycle at nighttime unless the bicycle is equipped with the following:
   • a head lamp — a lamp on the front of the bicycle that emits a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet in front of the bicycle; and
   • a red reflector/red lamp — with either a red reflector that is visible from a distance of 300 feet from the rear of the bicycle, or a red lamp visible from a distance of 500 feet from the rear of the bicycle.

BICYCLE THEFT PREVENTION TIPS

1. LOCK UP YOUR BIKE. Follow these guidelines when locking a bike:
   • Always lock your bike to a bicycle rack,
   • Use a good-quality “case-hardened” or “hardened” U-bolt lock,
   • Secure the U-bolt lock through the bike frame, the rear wheel and the bicycle rack. If possible, remove the front wheel and secure it with the rear wheel and frame, or run a cable through both tires.

2. Engrave your driver’s license number onto the bike frame. Write down the make, model and serial number of the bike. Register your bike with Transportation Services at transport.tamu.edu.

3. If your bike is stolen, report it immediately to the University Police Department at (979) 845-2345.